Medicaid cuts will hurt the 40% of people with HIV with Medicaid coverage

Estimated impact of proposals to cut Medicaid

The Congressional Budget Office estimates that the 2025 Reconciliation Bill would cut Medicaid funding by *\$715 billion* and *take health care coverage away from 10.3 million Americans.*

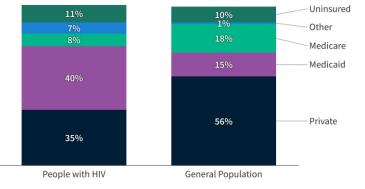
What's at stake for people with HIV

Medicaid is the largest health care coverage provider for people with HIV. Any cuts to Medicaid — whether through per capita caps, decreased funding for the Medicaid expansion, mandatory work or community engagement reporting requirements, or changes to provider taxes — will result in people with HIV losing their health care coverage.

Without access to health care, people with HIV will experience disease progression and higher health care costs. Costs are <u>1.5 to 3.7</u> times higher for people with delayed access to HIV treatment.

Figure 1

Medicaid is the Primary Source of Insurance Coverage for People with HIV



Distribution of U.S. population by insurance coverage and HIV status

Note: Data sources are different for people with HIV and the general population and statistical testing was not performed. Source: Data in both columns are from 2018 and from: KFF. Issue Brief. Insurance Coverage and Viral Suppression Among People with HIV, 2018 https://www.kff.org/hivaids/issue-brief/insurance-coverage-and-viral-suppression-among-people-with-hiv-2018/

Forty-two percent of people with HIV have coverage because of the *Medicaid expansion*. Any reduction in federal support for the Medicaid expansion will be a major setback to individual health and public health and to our nation's ambitious plan to end the HIV epidemic.